Upon receiving a report of Prohibited Conduct, the University will:

1. **Provide Support** and assistance in obtaining University and community resources.
2. **Provide Information** about preserving evidence, obtaining medical treatment, and contacting police.
3. **Evaluate Safety** of individuals and the University community.
4. **Ascertain Complainant’s Preferences:**
   - Complainant may request confidentiality and that no further University action be taken.
   - Complainant may request one of two forms of University resolution:
     1. **Formal Resolution**, which involves an investigation, and hearing/sanction (if applicable).
     2. **Alternative Resolution**, which (if available) includes a variety of informal options for resolving reports.

Next, the University will conduct a Threat Assessment to:

1. **Determine University Actions**
   - If Complainant requested:
     - **University Resolution**: grant request and initiate appropriate resolution process
     - **Confidentiality/No Action**: balance request with health and safety risk factors to determine whether request can be honored.
2. **Evaluate Reporting Duties**
   - State Law requires reporting to:
     1. The Police (if health/safety threat is identified)
     2. The Prosecuting Authority (if felony crime)
     3. Child Protective Services (if under 18)

Process either concludes or moves to Formal or Alternative Resolution.

The University also offers confidential resources for students who are unsure about whether to report Prohibited Conduct and any student seeking counseling or other emotional support throughout this process.
FORMAL UNIVERSITY RESOLUTION PROCESS FOR STUDENTS

At the beginning of the formal resolution process:

1. **WRITTEN NOTICE**
   
   Will be provided by the Title IX Coordinator to the Complainant and the Respondent.

2. **TRAINED INVESTIGATORS**
   
   Will conduct a prompt, thorough, fair, and impartial investigation. Both parties will have an equal opportunity to be heard, to submit evidence, to identify witnesses, and to submit questions they believe should be directed by the Investigator to each other or to any witness.

3. **ADVISOR OF CHOICE**
   
   May accompany, support, and advise each party throughout the investigation and resolution process.

At the conclusion of an investigation:

Investigator will prepare a **Draft Investigation Report** summarizing the information gathered, without recommended findings, for review/response by each party.

Investigator will prepare a **Final Investigation Report**, which will include a recommendation as to whether or not there is sufficient evidence to support a finding of responsibility for Prohibited Conduct by a preponderance of the evidence.

A. **Recommended Finding of Responsibility**: Respondent may accept or contest. Parties may submit impact and mitigation statements.

B. **Recommended Finding of No Responsibility**: Complainant may accept or contest. If Complainant accepts findings, process is concluded.

Next steps for contested findings and/or sanction:

**Review Panel Hearing**: Trained panelists will determine: (1) whether the concerns stated by the contesting party raise substantial doubt about the thoroughness, fairness and/or impartiality of the investigation; and, if not, (2) whether there is sufficient evidence to support the Investigator’s recommended finding(s) by a preponderance of the evidence.

**Sanction**: If recommended finding of responsibility is affirmed, the Review Panel will determine, by majority vote, the appropriate sanctions.

**Decision of the Review Panel is final**, without further recourse or appeal by either party. The Review Panel Chair will issue a written decision (the “Final Outcome Letter”) to both the Complainant and the Respondent.

Typically, the period from commencement of an investigation through resolution (finding and sanction, if any) will not exceed 60 calendar days. This time frame may be extended for good cause.